NSF Advanced Monitoring, Audit Resolution & Other Post Award Activities

Northeast Conference on College Cost Accounting (August 28, 2018)

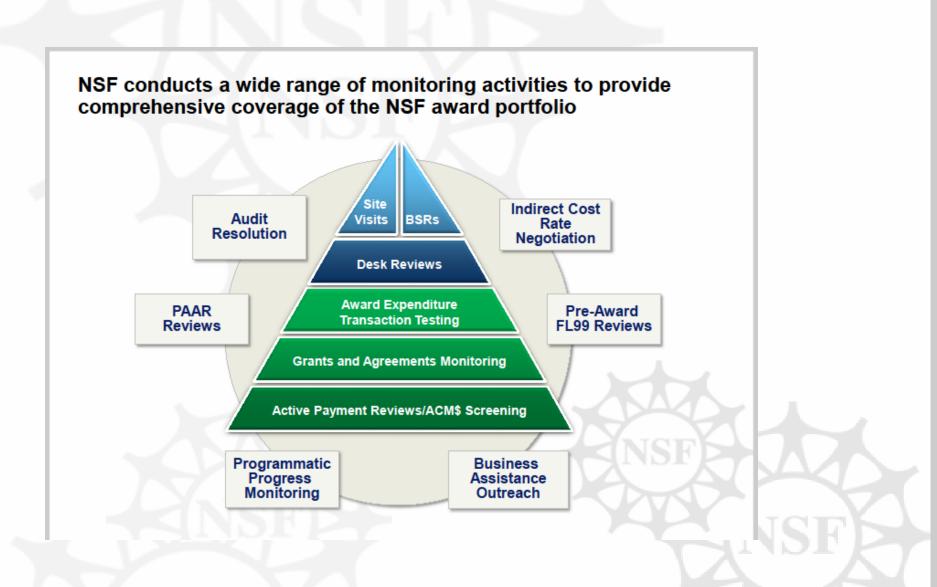
Carrie Davison, Lead Analyst for Audit Resolution Víctor L. Vélez, Grant & Contract Cost Analyst Resolution & Advanced Monitoring Division of Institution and Award Support, BFA

Take Aways

- General understanding of timeline, roles, and responsibilities for post award activities
- NSF expectations for entities during OIG audits, audit resolution, and post award activities
- Commonly identified areas of concern/non-compliance during post award activities
- Development of recommendations and management decisions









NSF uses a risk-based portfolio monitoring strategy that integrates its monitoring activities and focuses monitoring activities on awardees administering higher risk awards

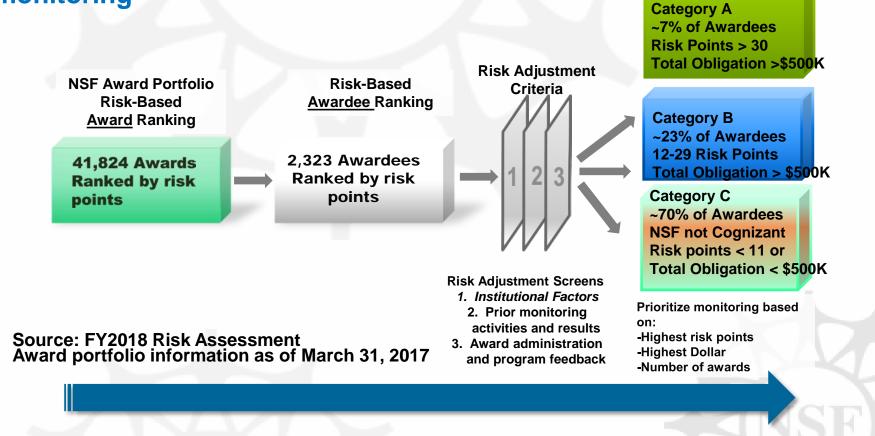
NSF's portfolio monitoring strategy has three key components -

- Annual risk assessment enables NSF to focus limited advanced monitoring resources on awardees more in need of monitoring and business assistance
- Comprehensive monitoring activities augment routine or automated baseline activities with focused advanced monitoring activities to provide broad coverage of the award portfolio. These activities are designed to mitigate the risk of non-compliance with federal grant management regulations (administrative regulations, cost principles, and audit requirements) and NSF award administration requirements
- Gathering feedback and incorporating monitoring results to enable NSF to better target business assistance activities and to make continuous improvements to the risk assessment model and monitoring procedures





NSF conducts an annual risk assessment of the awards and awardee institutions within its award portfolio to prioritize awardees for advanced monitoring





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Advanced Monitoring Activities



- Desk Reviews: focus is on awardee's ability to manage federal funds
- Site Visits: Assess application of awardee system of controls
- Business Systems Reviews: review business practices of awardees managing *large facilities* and NSF *Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDCs)* to ensure compliance with federal and NSF requirements
- Targeted Review Assessments: Quick, targeted review of an awardee internal controls over a <u>specific</u> area of compliance*

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Advanced Monitoring: What We Look For

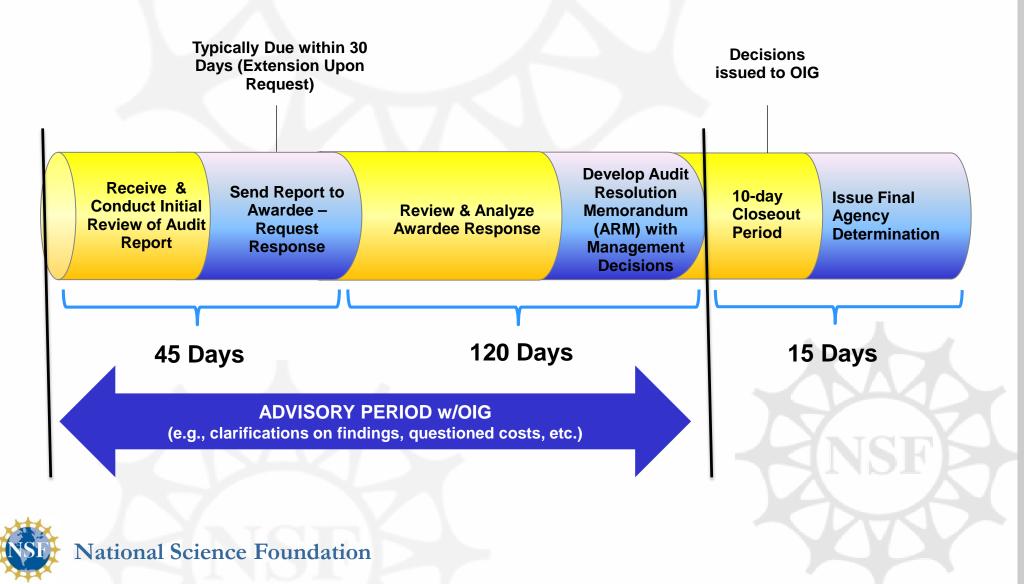
Documented internal controls for the following areas:

- General Management & Organizational Structure
- Accounting & Financial Systems
- Personnel Compensation
- Subawards and Subrecipient Monitoring
- Participant Support Costs
- Equipment
- Special award T&Cs



NSF Audit Resolution Process & Timeline

Per OMB Circular A-50, "Audit Follow Up," all audit findings should be fully resolved within 180 days



Audit and Audit Resolution Roles

Office of Inspector	Conducts audits and issues reports
General and its	in compliance with government
contractors (Auditor)	auditing standards
Awardee (Auditee)	Provides requested information; addresses recommendations after resolution with NSF Management
NSF Management	Resolves audit findings and
(Office of Budget,	recommendations with Auditee,
Finance and Award	coordinates management decisions
Management – BFA)	with the OIG
Audit Follow-up Official (AFO) (NSF Deputy Director or designee)	Makes final determination in the event of escalated disagreement(s)



Frequent Findings Under NSF OIG Audits

- Equipment purchases near award expiration*
- Allocation of costs charged to 2 or more awards
- Lack of adequate supporting documentation
- Unreasonable/unnecessary costs
- Unallocable travel
- Compensation
- Non-compliance (Award T&Cs, Policies, etc.)
- Subawards
- Participant Costs
- Inability to identify the source and application of funds

NSF Management Decisions: "To Sustain or Not Sustain... That is the Question"

- Awardee concurrence
- Substantial research of factors underlying transactions
- Application of terms, conditions, cost principles, NSF requirements
- Programmatic/technical input
- Reasonableness
- Change in scope

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Challenges & Follow-up: Where Do We Go from Here?

Review Challenges (pre- & post-award):

- Voluminous data (e.g., cost analyses)
- Competing priorities/resources
- Slow response to requests
- Significant concerns identified
- Internal coordination activities

What Follow-up Looks Like:

- When: Next DIAS monitoring activity (sooner for AR)
- Development/enhancement of internal controls
- Repayment/removal of disallowed costs
- Administrative action by NSF



Helpful Websites:

OIG External Reports

NSF Management Decisions





Keys to Success for Awardees

- Maintain strong internal controls in writing...and adhere to them!
- Maintain thorough supporting documentation for all charges made to federal awards
- Review expenditures (e.g., reasonableness, necessity, etc.)
- Understand award requirements and expectations (terms and conditions, NSF policy, OMB Guidance); get clarification from NSF staff as needed
- Obtain required prior NSF approvals, as needed (see RTC Appendix A, <u>Prior Approval Matrix</u>)
- Ask Early, Ask Often!



Questions?

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